Up and Down Motion in Free Fall

- A ball is thrown upward from ground level with 1. d t v an initial speed of 49.0 m/s. Use the how far? and Time in Displacement Velocity how fast? equations to determine the Air (s) (m) (m/s)displacement and velocity of the ball each 49.0 consecutive second. 0.0 0.0 $d = v_i \bullet t + 0.5 \bullet a \bullet t^2$ How Far? 1.0 How Fast? $v_f = v_i + a \bullet t$ 2.0 At what time is the ball ... 2. 3.0 a. ... at its highest point? <u>s</u> 4.0 b. ... landing on the ground? ______s 5.0 3. How does the time to rise compare to the time to fall? 6.0 7.0 How does the launch speed of the ball compare 4. 8.0 to the landing speed of the ball? 9.0
- 5. Write an equation that relates the time to rise to the highest point (t_{up}) to the initial vertical velocity.
- 6. Use the equation in #5 and other concepts from #1-#4 to complete the following statements:
 - a. A ball thrown upward at 19.6 m/s will reach its peak at t = _____s and land on the ground at t = _____s. It will be moving with a speed of _____ m/s when it lands.

10.0

 $t_{up} =$

- b. A ball thrown upward at 39.2 m/s will reach its peak at t = _____s and land on the ground at t = _____s. It will be moving with a speed of _____ m/s when it lands.
- c. A ball thrown upward at 26.2 m/s will reach its peak at t = _____s and land on the ground at t = _____s. It will be moving with a speed of _____m/s when it lands.
- d. A ball thrown upward at _____ m/s will reach its peak at $t = ____s$ and land on the ground at t = 6.4 s. It will be moving with a speed of _____ m/s when it lands.
- e. A ball thrown upward at _____ m/s will reach its peak at t = ____s and land on the ground at t = _____s. It will be moving with a speed of _____ m/s when it lands. (*Free Choice*)
- f. A ball thrown upward at _____ m/s will reach its peak at t = ____s and land on the ground at t = _____s. It will be moving with a speed of _____ m/s when it lands. Insert expressions, using symbols v_i and a.