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## The Inverse Square Law of Universal Gravitation

## Read from Lesson 3 of the Circular and Satellite Motion chapter at The Physics Classroom:

http://www.physicsclassroom.com/Class/circles/u613b.html http://www.physicsclassroom.com/Class/circles/u6l3c.html

MOP Connection: Circular Motion and Gravitation: Assignments CG6 and CG7

1. Isaac Newton compared the acceleration of a falling apple to the acceleration of the falling moon. In his comparison, he proved that the moon accelerates at a rate that is $1 / 3600$-th of the apple's rate; he also showed that the separation distance (center to center) between the moon and the Earth was 60 times the separation distance between the apple and the
 Earth. This is evidence that the acceleration caused by gravity is $\qquad$ (directly, inversely) dependent upon the $\qquad$ (square, square root, cube, cubed root, etc.) of the separation distance.

Use Newton's gravitational law in a conceptual manner in order to fill in the following blanks.
2. Two objects gravitationally attract with a force of 18.0 N . If the distance between the two objects' centers is doubled, then the new force of attraction is $\qquad$ N.
3. Two objects gravitationally attract with a force of 18.0 N . If the distance between the two objects' centers is tripled, then the new force of attraction is $\qquad$ N.
4. Two objects gravitationally attract with a force of 18.0 N . If the distance between the two objects' centers is halved, then the new force of attraction is $\qquad$ N.
5. Two objects gravitationally attract with a force of 18.0 N . If the distance between their centers is decreased by a factor of four, then the new force of attraction is $\qquad$ N.
6. Two objects gravitationally attract with a force of 18.0 N . If the mass of one of the objects is doubled and the distance between their centers is doubled, then the new force of attraction is $\qquad$ N .
7. Two objects gravitationally attract with a force of 18.0 N . If the masses of both of the objects are doubled and the distance between their centers is doubled, then the new
 force of attraction is $\qquad$ N.
8. Two objects gravitationally attract with a force of 18.0 N . If the masses of both of the objects are tripled and the distance between the two objects' centers is doubled, then the new force of attraction is $\qquad$ N.

